

THE CELINA DEMOCRAT

C. C. CARLIN, Proprietor
JAS. K. CARLIN, Local Editor

Office—Riley Building, second floor, B. B. Carlin, 1104 East Market Street.
Office phone 22. Residence phone 111.

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FRIDAY, August 12, 1919

DEMOCRATIC TICKET

For Governor—
JUDSON HARMON, Hamilton.
For Lieutenant Governor—
ATLEE POMERENE, Stark.
For Supreme Court Judges—
M. H. DONAHUE, Perry.
JAMES JOHNSON, Clark.
For Attorney General—
TIMOTHY HOGAN, Jackson.
For Secretary of State—
CHARLES H. GRAVES, Ottawa.
For Clerk Supreme Court—
FRANK MCKEAN, Cuyahoga.
For State Treasurer—
D. S. CREAMER, Belmont.
For Dairy and Food Commissioner—
S. E. STRODE, Crawford.
For School Commissioner—
FRANK W. MILLER, Montgomery.
For Member Board of Public Works—
J. A. STATES, Allen.
For Member of Congress—
J. H. GORKE, of Auglaize.
For State Senator—
W. N. SHAFER, of Paulding.
For Circuit Court Judge—
PHILIP M. CROW, of Hardin.
For Common Pleas Judge—
H. T. MATHERS, of Shelby.
For Representative—
SAMUEL J. VINING.
For Clerk of Courts—
WALTER L. JOHNSON.
For Sheriff—
SHELL M. FISHER.
For County Auditor—
JAMES L. MORROW.
For County Commissioner—
FRANK DILLHOFF.
FRED HEIRY.
ISAAC N. KIESE.
For County Treasurer—
JOHN B. ALBERS.
For County Recorder—
HUGH C. THOMAS.
For County Surveyor—
DILLON R. SMALLEY.
For Prosecuting Attorney—
JOHN C. ROMER.
For Inferior Judges—
ANDREW BRUNS, of Wick.
HENRY NIELSEN, of Adams.
GEORGE H. PRESTON.
For Coroner—
HARRY L. HIGHT.

One beauty about our stink factory—that was to be odorless—is, we have no trouble in finding out the direction of the wind.

The great Pennsylvania railroad has to cut expenses to make ends meet, is the word sent down the line. Section men—those over-paid fellows—are to feel the pressure first, and they will know how to vote—to open the mills, as it were—this fall. And the highest and best tariff ever! Soup-house, where is thy sting?

We've just been wondering if the Mayor of Cincinnati would allow moving pictures of the Cox-Burton fight to be exhibited in his village. But, pshaw! We forgot that George Barnsdale settled questions on Vine street, over the Rhine, and his generous nature would revolt at showing Theodore on his back waiting for the count.

It is a pity that all Americans with brains enough to think have not been able to read the Turner articles on "Barbarous Mexico" begun in the American Magazine (and when they were getting hot, stopped) and finally

Mr. Bryan's Latest Killing Off

[By Lewis F. Post, editor of The Public, Chicago.]

All who think William J. Bryan's influence in American politics has been killed again—this time by his own party and in his home State—had better hold their jubilation energy in reserve until the election returns come in from Nebraska. If they have reason to use this energy then, they may possibly use it to some purpose; if they have no use for it then, they may be glad that they did not rejoice over a welcome political death followed so speedily by an exasperating political resurrection.

The truth appears to be that it is not so much a defeat for Bryan in his own party in Nebraska that has taken place, as a victory in that party for the whisky ring—a "coals to Newcastle" matter, as many may say—which Bryan faithfully but unsuccessfully opposed. The inevitable effect of this "Bryan defeat," as he warned the convention that it would be, is to make the "county option" liquor question an "issue" and not only an issue but the issue, in Nebraska politics this fall. For both the Republicans and the Populists of Nebraska have pledged themselves to county option, which the whisky ring aggressively—and, as Bryan says and there is reason to believe, corruptly opposes. Others also oppose it, and genuinely, upon libertarian grounds; but the opposition of the whisky ring is overshadowing. Bryan advised his party convention to make the same pledge that other parties had made, thereby taking this question out

finished in the Appeal to Reason, a socialist paper. It would show how their own government, through trust manipulation that reaches up to our highest courts and officialdom, helps Diaz put the screws to his serfs for dirty American dollars. If the shame, degradation and crimes could be brought home to our people they would cease.

The "Passing of Bryan" is an old theme, so very old that it can hardly be handled with confidence now in spite of the new interest that has been given it by the Nebraska convention. . . . There may be several chapters left of that old story, "The Passing of Bryan," and they may be painfully exciting to divers Democratic politicians. — Chicago Record Herald, Rep.

Secretary Sandles of the State Board of Agriculture, himself an editor and newspaper man, has persuaded the board to use newspaper columns for its State Fair advertising, as the very best way to reach the people. The board has already found splendid results from this and will enter into it more thoroughly than ever this year. There is nothing that will carry your announcements into the home and attention of the people like their favorite newspaper; you'll catch them there every time. The Secretary's head is level on that, even if he is considerably off in his politics.—Auglaize County Democrat.

As Secretary Sandles is an all-wool and 36-inch wide Democrat, with a big and a little "d," and no explanatory diagram is needed to find where he is at, it would seem that Mr. Hoffer is "considerably off in his politics" somehow somewhere.

Whatever legal technicalities may be argued as to whether the claim was valid or not, the fact stands that the bank of which former State Auditor Guilbert is president has settled with the state, paying over \$5,747.32 in full settlement for interest on state funds deposited in the bank by Guilbert when he was state auditor.

It is not material whether Mr. Guilbert profited personally by the deposits in question or whether the demands for a settlement did not specifically charge any violation of the law. The main point is that the state's claim for restitution so far as these deposits are concerned has been acknowledged and the money paid into the state treasury.

What have the machine serving g. o. p. organs of Ohio to say now about Governor Harmon failing to make good?

According to newspaper accounts, "Mr. Guilbert and the bank placed every facility at the hands of the state for the use in determining the exact liability to the state according to their view of the matter. All of Mr. Guilbert's pass books and his canceled checks and the books of the bank were placed at the disposal of the state in its work and nothing was left to be conjectured in the case." This is quite a change from the attitude assumed by Mr. Guilbert who

of the campaign, and letting it turn upon the initiative and referendum as a local and the tariff as a national issue. By refusing to do so—and this is the sum and substance of "Bryan's defeat"—the Democratic party of Nebraska has put itself in the position, in popular perspective in Nebraska, of the whisky ring's sole political champion in that State. The popular tendency therefore will be to regard the whisky ring as beaten if the Democratic party loses, and triumphant if the Democratic party wins.

Of the merits of the county option question in Nebraska we say nothing here. The merits of that question are not involved in the cry that Bryan has been defeated in his own party; and, regarded simply as a question of political influence, we do not see how the action of the convention on county option tells against Bryan. An act by a convention of his party which, in the public mind, identifies the party with the whisky ring, whether the party wins the election or loses it, and which Bryan did his utmost to prevent, looks to us more like a defeat of the present managers of his party in Nebraska than of Bryan.

We might add that we have yet to see or hear of any characterization of the matter as a defeat for Bryan which comes from any other source, all along the line from Watterson to Hearst, when where Bryan's defeat is perennially regarded both as a foregone conclusion and a foregone desire, and more of a desire than of a conclusion.

years ago before the state senate's probe committee, to which he refused to submit his canceled checks and pass books; which refusal was advised by his counsel, Harry M. Daugherty; and it was the refusal of the bank through Mr. Guilbert as its president to produce the books which blocked the probe committee's efforts to get at the facts at that time brought the investigation suddenly to a close.

These matters were laid before the voters of Ohio in the campaign of 1908, but were hooted at by Republican speakers and editors in the service of the g. o. p. bosses. What have they to say now?

In addition with the settlement made with the bank of which Mr. Guilbert is president, suit has also been begun by the attorney general against the receiver of the defunct Merchants and Manufacturers National Bank of Columbus on a claim for \$81,509.02 interest on state funds deposited in that bank by Guilbert from 1896 until the state depository law went into effect 1904. It is not charged in this action that Guilbert was paid interest on such deposits, but it is contended by the attorney general that the bank is liable to the state for interest on such deposits.

Does anybody believe now that Judson Harmon didn't know what he was talking about when he was running for governor in 1908, or that he has failed to keep his campaign promises?

Ohio Democratic State Platform

The platform adopted by the Democratic convention is as follows:

The Democratic party of Ohio in convention assembled, reaffirms its faith and devotion to those essential principles of Democracy which have ever held the party together in victory and defeat; its unity and confidence after a long series of reverses in national elections are sufficient attestation to the sincerity of its belief.

Guided by these principles the Democratic party founded national unity and prosperity, and established local self-government for the states and municipalities. They are alike applicable to the government of the nation and the state.

The coming campaign in Ohio for the election of a state governor and must be fought on state issues, and it is therefore proper that we declare first and foremost our position upon these questions of state government in which the people are most interested.

We submit to the voters the record made and making by the present Democratic state administration. Every dollar of the people's money is being working for them, instead of for officeholders and favored politicians, drawing full interest as a result of fair competition, and that interest is now all going into the treasury for the first time in many years.

Instead of protecting and defending grafters, as was the way of Republican officers, the present government is having them prosecuted and sued for the return to the state of the many thousands of dollars secured by fraud and wrong-doing.

Every agency at its command is being employed to bring to account officers who were recreant to the trusts reposed in them by the people.

The governor is handicapped in the task of purifying and improving the public service by the opposition of a hostile legislature and Republican state officials. He will continue the work as well begun, but we call on the citizens to uphold him by electing his associates on the ticket and a legislature that will help, instead of hinder, in his grand introducing business methods and graft the effectiveness while reducing the cost of state institutions and departments.

Planks in Platform.

We favor a maximum aggregate tax rate of 19 mills, without any right to increase it, except by a vote of the people.

We favor the fair and just regulation of all public utilities as well as railroads, with the right of home rule as to franchises, carefully guarded.

We favor the ratification of the income tax amendment of the federal constitution, which was ratified by the present Republican legislature.

We demand the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

To that end we pledge a Democratic legislature to take the necessary action looking to a convention of the states to adopt the constitutional amendment required.

Pending the campaign for compliance with the people's demand, so long denied by a Republican senate, we promise the enactment by a Democratic legislature of a law so far as public sentiment will enforce it, providing for the nomination of senators by popular vote at the regular elections in senatorial years.

We favor:

A uniform school book law.

The principle of the initiative and referendum.

The extension of the teaching of agriculture.

The promotion of a nonpartisan judiciary by the placing of the names of all judicial candidates on a separate ballot without party distinction.

The enactment of legislation limiting the hours of labor of employed women.

National Affairs.

In national affairs we favor the application of business methods to the administration of the federal government in order to reduce its enormous and fast growing expenses, which involve a waste now admitted to be \$200,000,000 per year.

We demand the revision of the present unjust and oppressive tariff, reducing it as far as possible to the level of the cost of production, and the need of revenue for the economical conduct of the government must be the guiding principle instead of the demands of favored interests.

The chief burden of tariff taxation must be taken from articles of the cheaper grades where it is placed by the law of Payne, Aldrich, Smoot and Cannon, which the president approved. The gradual reduction in tariff taxation to make it a means of raising revenue, instead of an instrument of extortion, can not be safely left to the party of broken promises, but should be entrusted to the Democratic party, whose motto is equal justice to all without either favors or injury to any.

We favor the immediate enactment of the dollar a day pension bill introduced and championed in both the Sixtieth and sixty-first congresses by that Democratic veteran, General James R. Sherwood of Ohio, and we condemn the arbitrary action of the speaker of the house and the administration in refusing to allow this efficient and patriotic measure to come to a vote in the house of representatives.

We believe in the conservation of our natural resources and we denounce the administration, and separately the public service tried and true officers whose only aim was the preservation to the people of such resources.

THAT NEBRASKA TURNING DOWN

As Bryan Views It—Feels Pretty Good for a Man That Has Been Squeezed.

[Bryan's Commoner, August 5.]

The Nebraska Democratic State convention refused, by a vote of 647 to 198, to endorse county option and this has been heralded over the country as a defeat for Mr. Bryan. Let all the facts be known: About May 1 Mr. Bryan urged the calling of a special session of the legislature to submit the initiative and referendum. He stated that by the submission of the initiative and referendum the county option fight could be postponed for two years. He failed to secure the special session. Then he announced himself in favor of an endorsement of county option as the only way to break the hold of the liquor interests and insure the submission of the initiative and referendum. As a result of his fight the Republicans endorsed the initiative and referendum, thus making it certain that it will be submitted at the coming session of the legislature (the Democrats

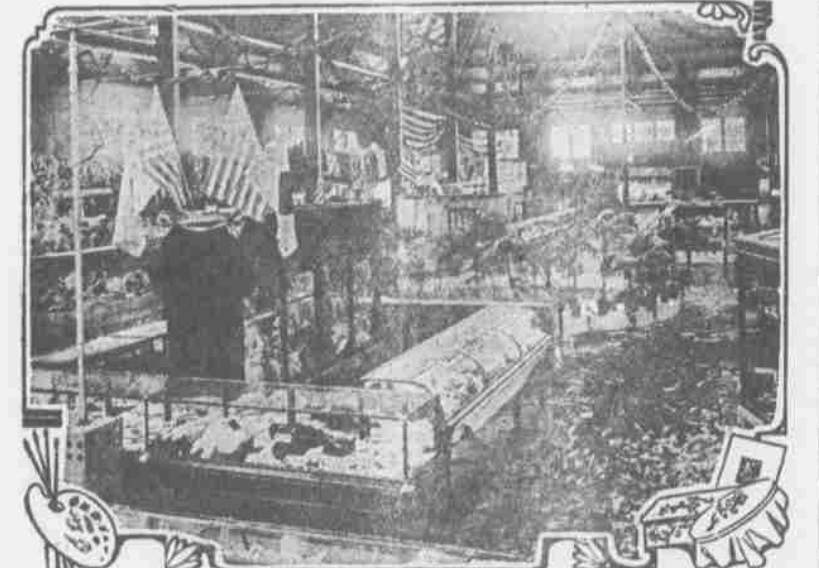
and Populists also having endorsed it). This is a victory for the reform for which he has contended for fourteen years. He can afford to be turned down on county option if he can make sure of the initiative and referendum. But the Democratic convention DEFEATED, by a vote of 638 to 202, a plank declaring against county option, and Governor Shallenberger announced at the convention that he would sign a county option bill. Since the Republicans and Populists have declared for county option and the Democrats have refused to declare against it, the chances are largely in favor of the passage of a county option bill. It will be seen, therefore, that Mr. Bryan has reason to rejoice over the progress made in Nebraska. It matters little what is done to him; he can be happy so long as the things he is fighting for wins—and they are winning in Nebraska.

Good Live Agents Wanted

To represent the Old Reliable Monroe Nursery in the sale of high grade Northern grown nursery stock. Sixty-three years in the business. 900 acres. Best propositions offered by any nursery. Outfit free. Write for particulars. THE MONROE NURSERY, I. E. Hagenfritz Sons Company, Monroe, Michigan.

See Merkle, Walnut st., for cast plow share and cycle grinding.

Dr. Thed TouVelle, dentist. Office 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.



WOMAN IN THE EXPOSITION WORLD.

DAINTY displays of woman's handiwork form a prominent exhibit feature of the Ohio State Fair. Liberal premiums are offered, and the competition is quite keen. Last year some 400 exhibitors were enrolled in the women's department, and at the coming exposition, to be held in Columbus Sept. 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, this number will easily be surpassed. A feature of this department is the daily domestic science lectures. Monday, Sept. 5, has been designated as Women's Day at the Ohio State Fair, on which date the fair sex will be admitted for 25 cents.



TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN

The people of Celina and vicinity will be glad to know that

Dr. J. E. DEXTER

The PAINLESS Tooth Extractor, with entirely New Methods, will be at Ellis House, Celina, O., Monday, Aug. 22, '19

For the purpose of extracting teeth without pain or sleep, Dr. DEXTER has made a specialty of extracting teeth for ten years, and has made for himself an expert reputation as a painless tooth extractor.

REFERENCES

Can be given all who are doubtful that the most doubtful can be removed without pain. He uses a medicine which drives all feeling from the gums. NOW is the time to have those troubling aching teeth removed.

Dr. Dexter Guarantees

That there will be no soreness or afterwards caused by the medicine, and that all nervous and weak-hearted people need have no fear. On the last trip to Celina the Doctor pulled over one hundred teeth and no failures. No Pains or Oozing are used. A New System PAINLESS METHOD.

Those who have had teeth extracted and wish Crowns, Bridge Work or Plates of any kind, make arrangements then. Main office, 135 1-2 N. Main St., LIMA, O.

REMAKLUS & BECKMAN

Advance Fall Models

in

Suits and Dresses for Women

As is expected of Remaklus & Beckman, the authoritative new Suits and Dresses for Women's Fall wear have their first showing here. We are showing some of the most attractive styles that the season will bring out.

You'll enjoy seeing them all the more so when you see what \$12.50 to \$45.00 will buy.

See our display at the Banner Fair.

REMAKLUS & BECKMAN

West Fayette Street, CELINA, O.

Progress of Direct Legislation

Direct legislation, otherwise known as the initiative and referendum, is growing in popular favor. Recently four Democratic conventions have declared in favor of this great reform. Ohio Democrats, Minnesota Democrats, Iowa Democrats and Nebraska Democrats adopted state platform declarations in favor of the initiative and referendum. A few years ago a man who offered a direct legislation plank in the Democratic convention was laughed at. Now he is highly honored and is given a seat at the head of the table.—Bryan's Commoner.

It is now measureably certain that the next session of the Illi-

nois legislature will have something to consider other than bathroom disbursements, graft and gabble! The Peoria reform conference, the Democratic conference at Lincoln and the Chicago harmony committee have all selected the initiative, referendum and recall as the major issue of the coming campaign; and a Direct Legislation League has just been incorporated at Springfield for the purpose of pushing the issue in every Senatorial district in the State. . . . an issue more important, by far, than any subject debated in Illinois since Lincoln and Douglas discussed the impending crises fifty-two years ago!—Chicago Examiner.

NEW YORK'S MAYOR VICTIM OF BULLET

Wm. J. Gaynor, Mayor of New York city, was shot from behind on the deck of a vessel Tuesday morning as he was leaving on a vacation to Europe. It is possible he will recover. His would-be assassin was a discharged city employe. Mayor Gaynor has been frequently mentioned in connection with the Democratic nomination for President in 1912, and is a strong, fearless and progressive man.

39th ANNUAL Big Fair

PORTLAND, IND.

Aug. 29, 30, 31 and Sept. 1, 2

\$3,255 purse on races. Return engagement of the Paloro Brothers, famous comedy acrobats, the greatest on the road. Also Ioleen Sisters, wire artists. Marvelous act from Berlin; complete with Europe's fashion in dress. Richard & Suman Acrobats on exhibition each day of the Fair. Grand stock parade and Motorcycle races only on Wednesday. Many grand special features. J. F. GRAVES, Secretary.

Bliss

13th Year in Celina

Dr. MAHON, of Toledo, O. Specialist in Chronic Diseases

May be consulted FREE OF CHARGE in ENGLISH and GERMAN at

CELINA, Saturday, Aug. 27, at Hotel Wagoner, Friday, Aug. 28, at Hotel Steinberg.

Minster, Thursday, Aug. 29, at Hotel Sommer.

Sidney, Monday, Aug. 22, at Hotel Wagner.

HE TREATS

Chronic Diseases of the Nervous System, Chronic Diseases of the Digestive System, Chronic Diseases of the Respiratory System, Genito, Urinary, Blood, Skin Diseases, all Chronic Diseases of both men and women.

Acute and Chronic Catarrh

In all its varied forms, SEE HIM—see his patients—and if you are not satisfied, don't take treatment.

Persons desiring treatment should bring a small bottle of urine, as it may assist in the diagnosis. Dr. Mahon carries all his portable instruments and comes prepared to examine the most obscure cases.

DR. MAHON, 2463 Fulton Street

The Western Ohio Automobile Co.

Successors to W. H. CONNER GARAGE South Main St., CELINA, OHIO.